UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): July 29, 2009

Kirby Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

1-7615

(Commission File Number)

74-1884980

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

55 Waugh Drive, Suite 1000 Houston, Texas

(Address of principal executive offices)

77007 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (713) 435-1000

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- o Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- o Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition

On July 29, 2009 Kirby Corporation ("Kirby") issued a press release announcing net earnings attributable to Kirby for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2009. A copy of the press release is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this report.

EBITDA, a non-GAAP financial measure, is used in the press release. Kirby defines EBITDA as net earnings attributable to Kirby before interest expense, taxes on income, depreciation and amortization. Kirby has historically evaluated its operating performance using numerous measures, one of which is EBITDA. EBITDA is presented because of its wide acceptance as a financial indicator. EBITDA is one of the performance measures used in Kirby's incentive bonus plan. EBITDA is also used by rating agencies in determining Kirby's credit rating and by analysts publishing research reports on Kirby, as well as by investors and investment bankers generally in valuing companies. A quantitative reconciliation of EBITDA to GAAP net earnings attributable to Kirby for the 2009 and 2008 second quarters and first six months is included in the press release.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits

(c) Exhibits:

99.1 Press release dated July 29, 2009

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

KIRBY CORPORATION (Registrant)

By:

/s/ Norman W. Nolen

Norman W. Nolen
Executive Vice President, Treasurer
and Chief Financial Officer

Dated: July 30, 2009



KIRBY CORPORATION Contact: Steve Holcomb 713-435-1135

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

KIRBY CORPORATION ANNOUNCES 2009 SECOND QUARTER RESULTS

- 2009 second quarter earnings per share were \$.63 compared with \$.74 earned in the 2008 second quarter
- 2009 third quarter earnings per share guidance is \$.62 to \$.67 versus \$.77 earned in the 2008 third quarter
- 2009 year earnings per share guidance revised to \$2.40 to \$2.50 versus \$2.91 earned in 2008

Houston, Texas (July 29, 2009) – Kirby Corporation ("Kirby") (NYSE:KEX) today announced net earnings for the second quarter ended June 30, 2009 of \$33.7 million, or \$.63 per share, compared with net earnings of \$40.3 million, or \$.74 per share, for the 2008 second quarter. Kirby's published 2009 second quarter guidance range was \$.52 to \$.62 per share. Consolidated revenues for the 2009 second quarter were \$272.7 million compared with \$348.3 million reported for the 2008 second quarter.

Joe Pyne, Kirby's President and Chief Executive Officer, commented, "The decline in our marine transportation and diesel engine services demand reflects a difficult economic environment. Our 2009 first quarter actions focused on early retirements, staff reductions, cost reductions and efficiency initiatives. Our marine transportation mix of business, which is heavily weighted to term contracts, softened the negative impact of lower demand on our second quarter operating results. Marine transportation demand across all four of our market segments remained below prior year levels. Our diesel engine services segment's service levels and direct parts sales remained weak as our customers continued to defer maintenance, particularly in the Gulf Coast oil services market."

Kirby reported net earnings for the 2009 first six months of \$61.7 million, or \$1.15 per share, compared with \$77.0 million, or \$1.42 per share, for the first half of 2008. Consolidated revenues for the 2009 first six months were \$550.4 million compared with \$678.8 million for the first six months of 2008.

During the 2009 first quarter, Kirby took specific steps to reduce overhead and lower expenditures, taking a \$4.0 million charge before taxes, or \$.05 per share. The shore staffs of the marine transportation and diesel engine services segments were reduced by approximately 6% through early retirements and staff reductions. In addition, all officer and management salaries were frozen at 2008 levels. On-going cost reduction efforts include a significant reduction in the number of chartered towboats operated and the laying up of Kirby owned towboats and tank barges. Kirby estimates that the 2009 first quarter early retirements and staff reductions charge had a positive \$.02 per share impact on the second quarter results, will result in a savings of \$.02 per share for the 2009 year, net of the \$.05 per share first quarter charge, and will result in a savings of \$.08 per share for 2010.

Segment Results – Marine Transportation

Marine transportation revenues and operating income for the 2009 second quarter decreased 23% and 15%, respectively, compared with the second quarter of 2008. The reductions reflect lower petrochemicals, black oil products, refined petroleum products and agricultural chemicals demand, driven by the current global economic recession and lower pricing. In addition, lower diesel fuel costs resulted in lower revenues associated with the pass through of diesel fuel to the customer through fuel escalation and de-escalation clauses in term contracts.

Petrochemical demand of more finished products into the Midwest continued to modestly improve and demand along the Gulf Coast appears to be stabilized when compared with the 2009 first quarter. Black oil demand remained relatively stable while refined products demand remained weak. Agricultural chemical demand also remained weak as the spring Midwest inventory fill did not occur primarily due to heavy spring rain which reduced the farmers' ability to apply fertilizer. The number of time charters, or day rate contracts, declined during the quarter as customers' returned equipment they did not need or became comfortable that their requirements could be filled in the spot market.

The marine transportation segment operated an average of 219 towboats during the 2009 second quarter and 226 towboats during the 2009 first six months compared with 259 towboats operated during the 2008 corresponding periods. As demand weakened, Kirby released chartered towboats and laid-up Kirby owned towboats to balance its horsepower requirements with volume demand. Going forward, Kirby will continue to monitor its towboat requirements and downsize or increase its towboat fleet as market changes warrant.

The marine transportation operating margin improved to 24.4% for the 2009 second quarter compared with 22.0% for the 2008 second quarter. The improved operating margin, despite the decrease in demand, reflected the positive impact of Kirby's cost reduction and efficiency initiatives, lower insurance claim losses, more efficient operations at lower utilization rates and more favorable operating conditions compared with the 2008 corresponding period.

Segment Results – Diesel Engine Services

The diesel engine services revenues and operating income for the 2009 second quarter decreased 17% and 28%, respectively, compared with the 2008 second quarter. The marine market remained weak as Gulf Coast offshore oil services and inland marine customers, and East and West Coast customers deferred maintenance on equipment in response to the economic slowdown. The medium-speed railroad market also remained weak as customers deferred maintenance. The medium-speed power generation market benefited from favorable engine-generator set upgrades projects and the international offshore oil services market was stronger during the second quarter. The diesel engine services operating margin was 13.6% for the 2009 second quarter compared with 15.6% for the 2008 second quarter.

Cash Flow

Continued strong cash flow for the 2009 first half, aided by a reduction in accounts receivable, was used to fund capital expenditures of \$116.6 million, including \$84.0 million for new tank barge and towboat construction and \$32.6 million for upgrades to the existing fleet, and to reduce debt by \$36.9 million. Total debt as of June 30, 2009 was \$210.4 million and the debt-to-capitalization ratio was 17.9%, down from 21.7% at December 31, 2008 and 25.6% at June 30, 2008.

Outlook

Commenting on the 2009 third quarter market conditions and guidance, Mr. Pyne said, "For the 2009 third quarter, our earnings guidance is \$.62 to \$.67 per share compared with \$.77 per share for the 2008 third quarter. For the 2009 year, we are tightening our earnings guidance to \$2.40 to \$2.50 per share compared with net earnings for the 2008 year of \$2.91 per share. We continue to see some improved demand in our upriver movements of petrochemicals and stable demand in the balance of our marine transportation markets. While upriver movements of petrochemicals historically have been a leading indicator for both positive and negative demand going forward, it is just too early to tell if this improvement in upriver volumes will continue. It appears to us that our customers are fine tuning their volumes to what they see as sustainable demand. We anticipate our diesel engine services business will continue to face challenges for the balance of 2009 as customers continue to defer maintenance due to reduced utilization of their equipment. Our 2009 capital spending guidance range remains at \$180 to \$190 million, which includes approximately \$135 million for the construction of 46 new tank barges and five towboats."

Conference Call

A conference call is scheduled at 10:00 a.m. central time tomorrow, Thursday, July 30 2009, to discuss the 2009 second quarter performance as well as the outlook for the 2009 third quarter and year. The conference call number is 800-446-1671 for domestic callers and 847-413-3362 for international callers. The leader's name is Steve Holcomb. The confirmation number is 24962345. An audio playback will be available at 1:00 p.m. central time on Thursday, July 30, through 6:00 p.m. central time on Friday, August 28, 2009 by dialing 888-843-8996 for domestic and 630-652-3044 for international callers. A live audio webcast of the conference call will be available to the public and a replay available after by call by visiting Kirby's website at http://www.kirbycorp.com/.

GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The financial and other information to be discussed in the conference call is available in this press release and in a Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. This press release and the Form 8-K include a non-GAAP financial measure, EBITDA, which Kirby defines as net earnings attributable to Kirby before interest expense, taxes on income, depreciation and amortization. A reconciliation of EBITDA with GAAP net earnings attributable to Kirby included in this press release. This earnings press release includes marine transportation performance measures, consisting of ton miles, revenue per ton mile, towboats operated and delay days. Comparable performance measures for the 2008 and 2007 years and quarters are available at Kirby's web site, http://www.kirbycorp.com/, under the caption Performance Measurements in the Investor Relations section.

About Kirby Corporation

Kirby Corporation, based in Houston, Texas, operates inland tank barges and towing vessels, transporting petrochemicals, black oil products, refined petroleum products and agricultural chemicals throughout the United States inland waterway system. Kirby also owns and operates four ocean-going barge and tug units transporting dry-bulk commodities in United States coastwise trade. Through the diesel engine services segment, Kirby provides after-market service for medium-speed and high-speed diesel engines and reduction gears used in marine, power generation and railroad applications.

Statements contained in this press release with respect to the future are forward-looking statements. These statements reflect management's reasonable judgment with respect to future events. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated as a result of various factors, including cyclical or other downturns in demand, significant pricing competition, unanticipated additions to industry capacity, changes in the Jones Act or in U.S. maritime policy and practice, fuel costs, interest rates, weather conditions, and timing, magnitude and number of acquisitions made by Kirby. Forward-looking statements are based on currently available information and Kirby assumes no obligation to update any such statements. A list of additional risk factors can be found in Kirby's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

	Second Quarter					Six Months				
		2009 20		2008	2009			2008		
	(unaudited			ed <mark>, \$ in thousand</mark> s e		except per share a		amounts)		
Revenues:										
Marine transportation	\$	217,906	\$	281,906	\$	436,927	\$	543,134		
Diesel engine services		54,837		66,354		113,477		135,696		
		272,743		348,260		550,404		678,830		
Costs and expenses:										
Costs of sales and operating expenses		160,710		220,259		329,804		428,605		
Selling, general and administrative		28,734		33,451		63,544		66,323		
Taxes, other than on income		3,193		3,455		6,278		6,988		
Depreciation and amortization		22,519		22,385		44,795		44,712		
Gain on disposition of assets		(120)		(500)		(364)		(442)		
		215,036		279,050		444,057		546,186		
Operating income		57,707		69,210		106,347		132,644		
Other income (expense)		91		(12)		186		(108)		
Interest expense		(2,793)		(3,508)		(5,606)		(7,290)		
Earnings before taxes on income		55,005		65,690		100,927		125,246		
Provision for taxes on income		(21,020)		(25,039)		(38,478)		(47,787)		
Net earnings		33,985		40,651		62,449		77,459		
Less: Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests		(266)		(317)		(724)		(478)		
Net earnings attributable to Kirby	\$	33,719	\$	40,334	\$	61,725	\$	76,981		
Net earnings per share attributable to Kirby common stockholders: (1)	ф	CD.	ф		ф	4.45	ф	1 12		
Basic	\$ \$.63	\$.75	\$	1.15	\$	1.43		
Diluted	Þ	.63	\$.74	\$	1.15	\$	1.42		
Common stock outstanding (in thousands): (1)		ED 105		ED 420		F2 140		F2 200		
Basic		53,185		53,420		53,149		53,288		
Diluted		53,273		53,773		53,270		53,663		

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

	Second Quarter				Six Months				
	 2009		2008		2009		2008		
			(unaudited, \$	in (thousands)				
EBITDA: (2)									
Net earnings attributable to Kirby	\$ 33,719	\$	40,334	\$	61,725	\$	76,981		
Interest expense	2,793		3,508		5,606		7,290		
Provision for taxes on income	21,020		25,039		38,478		47,787		
Depreciation and amortization	22,519		22,385		44,795		44,712		
	\$ 80,051	\$	91,266	\$	150,604	\$	176,770		
Capital expenditures	\$ 51,763	\$	57,758	\$	116,608	\$	106,511		
Acquisitions of businesses and marine equipment	\$ _	\$	3,334	\$	_	\$	5,134		
					Taras	- 20			
				_	Jun				
					2009		2008		
					ousands)				
Long-term debt, including current portion				\$	210,411	\$	298,889		

966,346

17.9%

\$

867,526

25.6%

Total equity

Debt to capitalization ratio

MARINE TRANSPORTATION STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

	Second Quarter					Six M	onths	i
	2009		2008			2009		2008
				(unaudited, \$	in tho	ousands)		
Marine transportation revenues	\$	217,906	\$	281,906	\$	436,927	\$	543,134
Costs and expenses:								
Costs of sales and operating expenses		122,152		174,185		248,017		333,834
Selling, general and administrative		18,959		21,597		42,424		43,905
Taxes, other than on income		2,713		3,188		5,504		6,423
Depreciation and amortization		20,945		20,782		41,627		41,302
•		164,769		219,752		337,572		425,464
Operating income	\$	53,137	\$	62,154	\$	99,355	\$	117,670
Operating margins		24.4%	5 <u> </u>	22.0%		22.7%	·	21.7%

DIESEL ENGINE SERVICES STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

		Second Quarter				Six Months				
	2009			2008		2009		2008		
			(u	naudited, \$	in tho					
Diesel engine services revenues	\$	54,837	\$	66,354	\$	113,477	\$	135,696		
Costs and expenses:										
Costs of sales and operating expenses		38,558		46,074		81,787		94,771		
Selling, general and administrative		7,293		8,510		16,256		16,342		
Taxes, other than income		470		254		753		528		
Depreciation and amortization		1,059		1,160		2,137		2,594		
		47,380		55,998	_	100,933		114,235		
Operating income	\$	7,457	\$	10,356	\$	12,544	\$	21,461		
Operating margins		13.6%	,	15.6%	, <u> </u>	11.1%) <u> </u>	15.8%		

OTHER COSTS AND EXPENSES

	Second Quarter					Six M	s	
	2009		2008		2009			2008
			(u	naudited, \$	in tho	usands)		
General corporate expenses	\$	3,007	\$	3,800	\$	5,916	\$	6,929
Gain on disposition of assets	\$	120	\$	500	\$	364	\$	442

MARINE TRANSPORTATION PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENTS

Second Quarter				Six Months			hs
2009		2008		2009			2008
	2,995		3,710		5,775		7,516
	7.0		7.2		7.3		6.9
	219		259		226		259
	1,141		1,914		2,705		4,912
\$	1.43	\$	3.56	\$	1.49	\$	3.13
					894		918
					54		65
					17.1		17.5
					1.0		1.2
	\$	2,995 7.0 219 1,141	2,995 7.0 219 1,141	2009 2008 2,995 3,710 7.0 7.2 219 259 1,141 1,914	2009 2008 2,995 3,710 7.0 7.2 219 259 1,141 1,914	2009 2008 2009 2,995 3,710 5,775 7.0 7.2 7.3 219 259 226 1,141 1,914 2,705 \$ 1.43 \$ 3.56 \$ 1.49 894 54	2009 2008 2009 2,995 3,710 5,775 7.0 7.2 7.3 219 259 226 1,141 1,914 2,705 \$ 1.43 \$ 3.56 \$ 1.49 \$ 894 54 17.1 17.1

- (1) Effective January 1, 2009, Kirby adopted FASB Staff Position No. EITF 03-6-1 "Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities," ("FSP EITF 03-6-1") which requires unvested share-based payment awards with non-forfeitable rights to receive dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) to be considered participating securities for the purposes of applying the two-class method of calculating earnings per share. Accordingly, restricted stock granted under Kirby's stock-based compensation plans are treated as participating securities under the two-class method of determining earnings per share and earnings per share for prior periods have been restated to conform to FSP EITF 03-6-1. The adoption of FSP ETIF 03-6-1 lowered basic earnings per common share for the six months ended June 30, 2008 by \$.01.
- (2) Kirby has historically evaluated its operating performance using numerous measures, one of which is EBITDA, a non-GAAP financial measure. Kirby defines EBITDA as net earnings before interest expense, taxes on income, depreciation and amortization. EBITDA is presented because of its wide acceptance as a financial indicator. EBITDA is one of the performance measures used in Kirby's incentive bonus plan. EBITDA is also used by rating agencies in determining Kirby's credit rating and by analysts publishing research reports on Kirby, as well as by investors and investment bankers generally in valuing companies. EBITDA is not a calculation based on generally accepted accounting principles and should not be considered as an alternative to, but should only be considered in conjunction with, Kirby's GAAP financial information.
- (3) Ton miles indicate fleet productivity by measuring the distance (in miles) a loaded tank barge is moved. Example: A typical 30,000 barrel tank barge loaded with 3,300 tons of liquid cargo is moved 100 miles, thus generating 330,000 ton miles.
- (4) Inland marine transportation revenues divided by ton miles. Example: Second quarter 2009 inland marine revenues of \$209,278,000 divided by 2,995,000,000 marine transportation ton miles = 7.0 cents.
- (5) Towboats operated are the average number of owned and chartered towboats operated during the period.
- Delay days measures the lost time incurred by a tow (towboat and one or more tank barges) during transit. The measure includes transit delays caused by weather, lock congestion and other navigational factors.